



# BEAProducts

## **Domain Template Reference**

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# Domain Template Reference

This document provides general information about templates in the following topics:

- [“Types of Templates” on page 2](#)
- [“Location of Installed Templates” on page 2](#)
- [“Template Tools” on page 3](#)
- [“Template Summary” on page 4](#)
- [“Relationships Between Templates” on page 5](#)
- [“Files Typically Included in a Template” on page 6](#)

This document also provides detailed reference information for each template:

- [“Basic WebLogic Server Domain Template” on page 9](#)
- [“AquaLogic Service Bus Extension Template” on page 15](#)
- [“Avitek Medical Records Sample Domain Template” on page 24](#)
- [“WebLogic Beehive Extension Template” on page 34](#)
- [“WebLogic Conversational Web Services Extension Template” on page 44](#)
- [“WebLogic Server Default Domain Extension Template” on page 50](#)
- [“WebLogic Server Examples Extension Template” on page 57](#)

## Types of Templates

The term *template* refers to a Java Archive (JAR) file that contains the files and scripts required to create or extend a domain. The types of template include:

- *Domain template*—defines the full set of resources within a domain, including infrastructure components, applications, services, security options, and general environment and operating system options.

The product installation includes a predefined Basic WebLogic Server Domain template. This template defines the core set of resources within a domain, including an Administration Server and basic configuration information. Complete details are provided in [“Basic WebLogic Server Domain Template” on page 9](#).

You can also create a custom domain template from an existing domain using the Domain Template Builder or the `pack` command. Using the Domain Template Builder, you can also create a custom domain template from an existing template.

- *Extension template*—defines the applications and services that you can add to an existing domain, including product component functionality and resources such as JDBC or JMS.

The product installation includes several predefined extension templates. For a summary of extension templates, see [“Template Summary” on page 4](#).

You can also create a custom extension template from an existing domain or template using the Domain Template Builder.

- *Managed Server template* – defines the subset of resources within a domain that are required to create a Managed Server domain directory on a remote machine. You can create a custom Managed Server template using the `pack` command. Complete details are provided in [Creating Templates and Domains Using the pack and unpack Commands](#).

## Location of Installed Templates

The following table identifies the location of the predefined templates provided with your product installation, where *WL\_HOME* represents the product installation directory.

**Table 1 Location of Templates**

Type of Template	Directory Location
Domain	<i>WL_HOME</i> \common\templates\domains
Extension	<i>WL_HOME</i> \common\templates\applications

## Template Tools

The following table identifies the tools with which you can create templates and the tools with which you can use templates to create or extend a domain.

**Table 2 Template Tools**

To . . .	Use this tool . . .
Create a new domain	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Configuration Wizard</li> <li>• WLST Offline</li> <li>• <code>unpack</code> command</li> </ul>
Extend an existing domain	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Configuration Wizard</li> <li>• WLST Offline</li> </ul>
Create a new Managed Server domain on a remote machine	<code>unpack</code> command
Create a domain template	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Domain Template Builder</li> <li>• <code>pack</code> command</li> <li>• WLST Offline</li> </ul>
Create an extension template	Domain Template Builder
Create a Managed Server template	<code>pack</code> command

**Note:** All the tools used to create or extend a domain leverage a common underlying infrastructure, referred to generically as the *Configuration Wizard framework*.

- For information about using the Configuration Wizard, see [Creating WebLogic Domains Using the Configuration Wizard](#).
- For information about using the WLST Offline, see [WebLogic Scripting Tool](#).
- For information about using the `pack/unpack` commands, see [Creating Templates and Domains Using the pack and unpack Commands](#).
- For information about using the Domain Template Builder, see [Creating Templates Using the Domain Template Builder](#).

## Template Summary

The following table summarizes the predefined templates that may be provided in your product installation.

**Table 3 Summary of Installed Templates**

Template	Filename	Description
<b>Domain Template</b>		
<a href="#">Basic WebLogic Server Domain</a>	wls.jar	Creates a base WebLogic Server domain.
<b>Extension Templates</b>		
<a href="#">AquaLogic Service Bus Extension</a>	wlsb.jar	Extends the base WebLogic Server domain by providing the resources required to support AquaLogic Service Bus.
<a href="#">Avitek Medical Records Sample Domain</a>	medrec.jar	Extends the base WebLogic Server domain to create the Avitek Medical Records sample domain. This domain is a WebLogic Server sample application suite that concisely demonstrates all aspects of the J2EE platform.
<a href="#">WebLogic Beehive Extension</a>	weblogic-beehive.jar	<p>Extends the base WebLogic Server domain to create a WebLogic Beehive domain. Adds required Beehive libraries to support run-time use of controls.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Resources from the WebLogic Conversational Web Services extension template are required to create a complete WebLogic Beehive domain.</p>
<a href="#">WebLogic Conversational Web Services Extension</a>	wls_conv.jar	Extends the base WebLogic Server domain to add support for conversational Web services.



**Table 3 Summary of Installed Templates (Continued)**

Template	Filename	Description
<a href="#">WebLogic Server Default Domain</a>	wls_default.jar	Extends the base WebLogic Server domain with a Web application designed to guide new users through an introduction to WebLogic Server. When running the Web application, users can review informative content on various topics, including highlights of WebLogic Server functionality. From the Web application, users can also run several pre-configured, pre-compiled examples. Resources from this extension template are required for a WebLogic Server Examples domain.
<a href="#">WebLogic Server Examples</a>	wls_examples.jar	Extends the WebLogic Server domain containing resources from the base WebLogic Server domain template and the WebLogic Server Default Domain extension template to create a complete WebLogic Server Examples domain. The WebLogic Server Examples domain contains a collection of examples that illustrate best practices for coding individual J2EE and WebLogic Server APIs.

## Relationships Between Templates

This section provides the following topics:

- [“WebLogic Server Resources as a Prerequisite” on page 5](#)
- [“Relationships Between Templates” on page 5](#)

## WebLogic Server Resources as a Prerequisite

WebLogic Server resources must already be set up in your domain before you can add resources from an extension template. When you select an extension template, the Configuration Wizard framework checks to make sure the required resources are available for you.

## Relationships Between Templates

You can create a base WebLogic domain using the predefined basic WebLogic Server domain template or you can create a base WebLogic domain and extend it incrementally using the

extension templates. The following table shows the relationship between the templates and the domains created.

**Table 4 Relationships Between Templates**

This type of domain . . .	Requires resources from these templates . . .
AquaLogic Service Bus	Basic WebLogic Server Domain template, <code>wls.jar</code> + AquaLogic Service Bus Extension template, <code>wlsb.jar</code>
Avitek Medical Records Sample	Basic WebLogic Server Domain template, <code>wls.jar</code> + Avitek Medical Records Sample Domain extension template, <code>medrec.jar</code>
WebLogic Beehive	Basic WebLogic Server Domain template, <code>wls.jar</code> + WebLogic Beehive Extension template, <code>weblogic-beehive.jar</code> + WebLogic Conversational Web Services extension template, <code>wls_conv.jar</code>
WebLogic Conversational Web Services	Basic WebLogic Server Domain template, <code>wls.jar</code> + WebLogic Conversational Web Services extension template, <code>wls_conv.jar</code>
WebLogic Server (base)	Basic WebLogic Server Domain template, <code>wls.jar</code>
WebLogic Server Default	Basic WebLogic Server Domain template, <code>wls.jar</code> + WebLogic Server Default Domain extension template, <code>wls_default.jar</code>
WebLogic Server Examples	Basic WebLogic Server Domain template, <code>wls.jar</code> + WebLogic Server Default Domain extension template, <code>wls_default.jar</code> + WebLogic Server Examples extension template, <code>wls_examples.jar</code>

## Files Typically Included in a Template

The basic files included in any template are `config.xml` and `template-info.xml`. There are additional files in the predefined templates that are the basis for creating or extending a domain. The following table describes the files typically included in a domain or extension template.

**Table 5 Files Included in a Template**

Filename	Description
<i>product component files</i>	Various files used to complete the domain setup for a specific BEA product component. Such files may provide information for security and default database settings.
*-jdbc.xml	Sets up or extends a domain with JDBC system resources required by a product component. In a template, the *-jdbc.xml files must be located in the config\jdbc directory.
*-jms.xml	Sets up or extends a domain with JMS system resources required by a product component. In a template, the *-jms.xml files must be located in the config\jms directory.
clusters.script	<p>Used to modify the Configuration Wizard framework's default auto-configuration of a cluster. By default, resources are targeted to the cluster. You can unassign a resource from the cluster and then assign it to another component. To specify a target, you can use the following replacement variables:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• %AManagedServer% — Any Managed Server</li> <li>• %AllManagedServers% — Comma-separated list of all Managed Servers</li> <li>• %AdminServer% — Administration Server name</li> <li>• %Cluster% — Cluster name</li> <li>• %ProxyServer% — Proxy server name</li> <li>• %HTTPProxyApp% — http proxy application definition</li> </ul> <p>Note the following additional considerations:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• You must use the name attribute of an object that is to be replaced.</li> <li>• You can use an asterisk (*) as a wildcard for "All."</li> </ul> <p>In a template, the clusters.script file must be located in the script directory.</p>
config.xml	Sets up or extends the domain configuration. In a template, the config.xml file must be located in the config directory.

**Table 5 Files Included in a Template (Continued)**

Filename	Description
<code>jdbc.index</code>	<p>Identifies the locations of SQL scripts used to set up a database. The file lists the scripts in the order in which they must be run. If the scripts are not contained in the template, but are located in the product installation directory, that directory can be represented by a tilde ( ~ ) in the pathname for the scripts, as shown in the following example:</p> <pre>~/integration/common/dbscripts/oracle/reporting_runtime.sql</pre> <p>Specifically, the tilde represents the directory path identified by the <code>\$USER_INSTALL_DIR\$</code> variable in the <code>stringsubs.xml</code> file.</p> <p>In a template, a <code>jdbc.index</code> file must be located in the <code>_jdbc_\dbtype\dbversion</code> directory, where <i>dbtype</i> is the type of database, such as Oracle, and <i>dbversion</i> is the database version, such as 9i.</p>
<code>security.xml</code>	Used to create user groups and roles that establish identity and access to domain resources. You can create the default Admin user only through the <code>security.xml</code> in a <i>domain</i> template. However, you can create user groups and roles through the <code>security.xml</code> included in either a domain or an extension template.
<code>startmenu.xml</code>	Used to create Windows start menu entries.
<code>startscript.xml</code>	Used to create the <code>*.cmd</code> and <code>*.sh</code> files that are placed into a domain's root and bin directories.
<code>stringsubs.xml</code>	Identifies string substitution values and the files that will receive string substitutions during domain creation or extension. The files that will receive string substitutions must already be prepared with replacement variables. During domain creation or extension, the Configuration Wizard framework runs macros to replace variables with the appropriate string substitution, using information from <code>WL_HOME\common\lib\macrorules.xml</code> , where <i>WL_HOME</i> is the product installation directory.
<code>template-info.xml</code>	Provides template identification information, such as the template name, software version, type of template (domain or application), author, description, etc.

## Basic WebLogic Server Domain Template

Your product installation provides one predefined base WebLogic Server domain template. All other predefined templates are extension templates that you may use to add resources, services, and applications to a base WebLogic Server domain. You can easily create or extend a domain by using these predefined templates with the Configuration Wizard or WLST.

- [“Generated Domain Output” on page 9](#)
- [“Resources and Services Configured” on page 14](#)

## Generated Domain Output

The Basic WebLogic Server Domain template allows you to create a simple WebLogic Server domain. By default, when using the Basic WebLogic Server Domain template, you generate a domain that contains only the required components: an Administration Server and a single administrative user. Any required applications must be created and configured within the domain.

The following table defines the default directory structure and files generated by the Basic WebLogic Server Domain template. Unless otherwise specified, by default, the Configuration Wizard framework creates the domain in the

`BEA_HOME\user_projects\domains\base_domain` directory. If you modify the default configuration settings, the output directory structure may be different from the structure described here.

**Table 6 Output Generated from the Basic WebLogic Server Domain Template**

Directory	File	Description
<b><code>user_projects\applications\base_domain\</code></b>		
	n.a.	Directory designated as the repository for any custom application files that you create.
<b><code>user_projects\domains\base_domain\</code></b>		
	<code>fileRealm.properties</code>	File containing ACLs, users, and groups that can be used for the default security realm when Compatibility security is used.
	<code>startWebLogic.cmd</code> <code>startWebLogic.sh</code>	Scripts used to start the Administration Server on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.

**Table 6 Output Generated from the Basic WebLogic Server Domain Template (Continued)**

Directory	File	Description
autodeploy\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder for automatic deployments.
bin\	setDomainEnv.cmd setDomainEnv.sh	Scripts used to set up the development environment on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	startManagedWebLogic.cmd startManagedWebLogic.sh	Scripts used to start a Managed Server on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	startPointBaseConsole.cmd startPointBaseConsole.sh	Scripts used to start the PointBase console on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	startWebLogic.cmd startWebLogic.sh	Scripts used to start the Administration Server on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	stopManagedWebLogic.cmd stopManagedWebLogic.sh	Scripts used to stop a Managed Server on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	stopWebLogic.cmd stopWebLogic.sh	Scripts used to stop the Administration Server on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
config\	config.xml	File containing the configuration information used by the Administration Server. For more information, see <a href="#">“Domain Configuration Files”</a> in <i>Understanding Domain Configuration</i> .
config\deployments\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for staging an application when the application’s staging mode is “staged.”

**Table 6 Output Generated from the Basic WebLogic Server Domain Template (Continued)**

Directory	File	Description
config\diagnostics\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing the system modules associated with instrumentation in the WebLogic Diagnostic Framework (WLDF).
config\jdbc\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing global JDBC modules that can be configured directly from JMX (as opposed to JSR-88).
config\jms\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing global JMS modules that can be configured directly from JMX (as opposed to JSR-88).
config\lib\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing JAR files that are added to the system classpath of the server when the server's Java virtual machine starts.
config\nodemanager\	nm_password.properties	File containing Node Manager password property values.
config\security\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing system modules for the security framework. The directory contains one security provider configuration extension for each type of security provider in the domain's current realm.
config\startup\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing system modules that contain startup plans. Startup plans are used to generate shell scripts that can be used as part of server startup.

**Table 6 Output Generated from the Basic WebLogic Server Domain Template (Continued)**

Directory	File	Description
console-ext\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder for custom extensions to the WebLogic Server Administration Console.
init-info\	domain-info.xml	File used to identify domain creation and extension information. Such information includes the identity of the components in the domain, the location of the JDK and applications directory used by the domain, and the templates used to create and extend the domain.
	security.xml	File used for creating user groups and roles that establish identity and access to domain resources.
	startscript.xml	File used to create the *.cmd and *.sh files that are placed into the domain's root and bin directories.
	tokenValue.properties	File that contains the actual values to substitute for the tokens specified in the start scripts.
lib\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder for the domain's libraries. The JAR files in this directory are added dynamically to the end of the server classpath at server startup.



**Table 6 Output Generated from the Basic WebLogic Server Domain Template (Continued)**

Directory	File	Description
security\	DefaultAuthenticatorInit.ldift	Files used for bootstrapping tasks, including authentication (user and group), authorization, and role mapping. These files contain LDAP-specific information.
	DefaultRoleMapperInit.ldift	
	XACMLRoleMapperInit.ldift	
		<b>Note:</b> WebLogic domains created with this release use the XACML providers by default. These XACML security providers are compatible with policies and roles created using the WebLogic Authorization provider (DefaultAuthorizer) and WebLogic Role Mapping provider (DefaultRoleMapper). For more information, see <a href="#">“WebLogic Security Providers”</a> in <i>Understanding WebLogic Security</i> .
	SerializedSystemIni.dat	File containing encrypted security information.
servers\AdminServer\security\	boot.properties	File containing server startup properties, including the user name and password required to boot the server (in encrypted format). It is generated only when you select development startup mode.  This file enables you to bypass the prompt for user name and password during a server’s startup cycle. For more information, see “Provide User Credentials to Start and Stop Servers” in <a href="#">“Starting and Stopping Servers”</a> in <i>Managing Server Startup and Shutdown</i> .
user_staged_config\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder for configuration information optionally staged by an administrator to be copied to managed servers in the domain.

# Resources and Services Configured

The following table identifies the resources and services configured in a domain created with the Basic WebLogic Server Domain template.

**Table 7 Resources Configured in a Basic WebLogic Server Domain**

Resource Type	Name	Notes
Administration Server	AdminServer	<p>When using the Configuration Wizard or WLST Offline to create a new domain, and you want the Administration Server name to be different from the default name, AdminServer, you must configure the name manually. You cannot change the name afterwards when applying an extension template.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>For information about customizing the Administration Server name while creating a domain with the Configuration Wizard, see “Configure the Administration Server” in “Customizing the Environment” in <a href="#">Creating WebLogic Domains Using the Configuration Wizard</a>.</li><li>For information about customizing the Administration Server name while creating a domain with WLST Offline, see “Creating and Configuring WebLogic Domains Using WLST Offline” in <a href="#">WebLogic Scripting Tool</a>.</li></ul> <p>The following sample WLST Offline code snippet shows how to change the default Administration Server name, AdminServer, to MedRecServer.</p> <pre>#----- #Read the Basic WebLogic Server Domain template <b>readTemplate</b>('d:/bea/weblogic91/commo n/templates/domains/wls.jar') #Change the Administration Server name. <b>cd('Servers/AdminServer')</b> <b>set('Name', 'MedRecServer')</b> #-----</pre>
Security realm	myrealm	n.a.

## AquaLogic Service Bus Extension Template

Using the Configuration Wizard or WLST, you can easily extend a base WebLogic Server domain to create an AquaLogic Service Bus domain. You accomplish this by adding the resources and services provided in the AquaLogic Service Bus extension template to a base WebLogic Server domain.

- [“Generated Domain Output” on page 15](#)
- [“Resources and Services Configured” on page 21](#)

**Note:** Using the Configuration Wizard in graphical mode, you can easily create a new AquaLogic Service Bus domain by checking the AquaLogic Service Bus check box in the **Select Domain Source** window. The result is the same as creating a base WebLogic Server domain first and then extending that domain with the AquaLogic Service Bus extension template. For more information about the templates required to create an AquaLogic Service Bus domain, see [“Relationships Between Templates” on page 5](#).

## Generated Domain Output

The following table defines the default directory structure and files generated after applying the AquaLogic Service Bus extension template to a base WebLogic Server domain. Unless otherwise specified, by default, the Configuration Wizard creates the domain in the

*BEA\_HOME\user\_projects\domains\base\_domain* directory. If you modify the default configuration settings, the output directory structure may be different from the structure described here.

**Table 8 Base Domain After Applying AquaLogic Service Bus Extension Template**

Directory	File	Description
<b>user_projects\applications\base_domain\</b>		
	n.a.	Directory serving as a placeholder for any custom application files that you create.
<b>user_projects\domains\base_domain\</b>		
	fileRealm.properties	File containing ACLs, users, and groups that can be used for the default security realm when Compatibility security is used.
	pointbase.ini	File containing initialization information for a PointBase JDBC database.
	startWebLogic.cmd startWebLogic.sh	Scripts used to start the Administration Server on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	URLs.dat	File containing the URL for the JDBC database.
	wldebug.XML	File containing debug parameters for the domain. The default setting for all the parameters is false.
autodeploy\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder for automatic deployments.

**Table 8 Base Domain After Applying AquaLogic Service Bus Extension Template (Continued)**

Directory	File	Description
bin\	setDomainEnv.cmd setDomainEnv.sh	Scripts used to set up the development environment on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	startManagedWebLogic.cmd startManagedWebLogic.sh	Scripts used to start a Managed Server on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	startPointBaseConsole.cmd startPointBaseConsole.sh	Scripts used to start the PointBase console on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	startWebLogic.cmd startWebLogic.sh	Scripts used to start the Administration Server on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	stopManagedWebLogic.cmd stopManagedWebLogic.sh	Scripts used to stop a Managed Server on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	stopWebLogic.cmd stopWebLogic.sh	Scripts used to stop the Administration Server on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
config\	config.xml	File containing the configuration information used by the Administration Server. For more information, see <a href="#">“Domain Configuration Files”</a> in <i>Understanding Domain Configuration</i> .
config\deployments\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for staging an application when the application’s staging mode is “staged.”
config\diagnostics\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing the system modules associated with instrumentation in the WebLogic Diagnostic Framework (WLDF).

**Table 8 Base Domain After Applying AquaLogic Service Bus Extension Template (Continued)**

Directory	File	Description
config\jdbc\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing global JDBC modules that can be configured directly from JMX (as opposed to JSR-88).
	wlsbjmsrpDataSource-jdbc.xml	Global non-XA JDBC data source module for the AquaLogic Service Bus domain.
config\jms\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing global JMS modules that can be configured directly from JMX (as opposed to JSR-88).
	xbusResources-jms.xml	Global JMS module for the AquaLogic Service Bus domain.
config\lib\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing JAR files that are added to the system classpath of the server when the server's Java virtual machine starts.
config\nodemanager\	nm_password.properties	File containing Node Manager password property values.
config\security\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing system modules for the security framework. The directory contains one security provider configuration extension for each type of security provider in the domain's current realm.
config\startup\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing system modules that contain startup plans. Startup plans are used to generate shell scripts that can be used as part of server startup.

**Table 8 Base Domain After Applying AquaLogic Service Bus Extension Template (Continued)**

Directory	File	Description
console-ext\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder for custom extensions to the WebLogic Server Administration Console.
init-info\	domain-info.xml	File used to identify domain creation and extension information. Such information includes the identity of the components in the domain, the location of the JDK and applications directory used by the domain, and the templates used to create and extend the domain.
	security.xml	File used for creating user groups and roles that establish identity and access to domain resources.
	startscript.xml	File used to create the *.cmd and *.sh files that are placed into the domain's root and bin directories.
	tokenValue.properties	File that contains the actual values to substitute for the tokens specified in the start scripts.
lib\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder for the domain's libraries. The JAR files in this directory are added dynamically to the end of the server classpath at server startup.
rmfilestore\		Directory serving as a disk-based file store to store persistent messages and durable subscribers.

**Table 8 Base Domain After Applying AquaLogic Service Bus Extension Template (Continued)**

Directory	File	Description
security\	DefaultAuthenticatorInit.ldif	Files used for bootstrapping tasks, including authentication (user and group), authorization, and role mapping. These files contain LDAP-specific information.  <b>Note:</b> WebLogic domains created with this release use the XACML providers by default. These XACML security providers are compatible with policies and roles created using the WebLogic Authorization provider (DefaultAuthorizer) and WebLogic Role Mapping provider (DefaultRoleMapper). For more information, see <a href="#">“WebLogic Security Providers”</a> in <i>Understanding WebLogic Security</i> .
	DefaultAuthorizerInit.ldif	
	DefaultRoleMapperInit.ldif	
	XACMLAuthorizerInit.ldif	
	XACMLRoleMapperInit.ldif	
	SerializedSystemIni.dat	File containing encrypted security information.
servers\AdminServer\security\	boot.properties	File containing server startup properties, including the user name and password required to boot the server (in encrypted format). It is generated only when you select development startup mode.  This file enables you to bypass the prompt for user name and password during a server’s startup cycle. For more information, see “Provide User Credentials to Start and Stop Servers” in <a href="#">“Starting and Stopping Servers”</a> in <i>Managing Server Startup and Shutdown</i> .
user_staged_config\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder for configuration information optionally staged by an administrator to be copied to managed servers in the domain.



## Resources and Services Configured

The following table identifies the resources and services configured in a domain extended with the AquaLogic Service Bus extension template.

**Table 9 Resources Configured in an AquaLogic Service Bus Domain**

Resource Type	Name	Extension Result
Administration Server	AdminServer	<p>Uses the Administration Server provided in the base WebLogic Server domain. The default name is AdminServer, unless changed during domain creation. The Administration Server referenced in the extension template is xbusServer.</p> <p>For information about naming the Administration Server during domain creation, see <a href="#">“Resources and Services Configured”</a> on page 14.</p>
Application Deployments	ALSB Configuration System	Adds the application and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
	ALSB Logging	Adds the application and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
	ALSB Publish	Adds the application and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
	ALSB Resource	Adds the application and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
	ALSB Routing	Adds the application and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
	ALSB Test Framework	Adds the application and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
	ALSB Transform	Adds the application and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
	ALSB UDDI Manager	Adds the application and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.

**Table 9 Resources Configured in an AquaLogic Service Bus Domain (Continued)**

Resource Type	Name	Extension Result
Application Deployments (continued)	Email Transport Provider	Adds the application and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
	File Transport Provider	Adds the application and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
	Ftp Transport Provider	Adds the application and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
	JMS Reporting Provider	Adds the application and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
	Message Reporting Purger	Adds the application and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
	ServiceBus_Console	Adds the application and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
	WLI Aggregator	Adds the application and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
	WLI Common	Adds the application and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
	XBus Kernel	Adds the application and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer. The application includes the / (slash) WAR and kerneladmin EJB modules, which are also targeted to AdminServer.
File Stores	FileStore	Adds the file store to be used as the persistent store for the JMS server, wlsbJMSServer.
JDBC Data Source	wlsbjmsrpDataSource	Identifies the JDBC data source as a wlsbjmsrpDataSource system resource.
JDBC System Resources	wlsbjmsrpDataSource	Identifies the JDBC data source and connection pool setup to be used for JDBC system resources and targets the resources to the Administration Server, AdminServer.

**Table 9 Resources Configured in an AquaLogic Service Bus Domain (Continued)**

Resource Type	Name	Extension Result
JMS Connection Factories	<code>weblogic.wlsb.jms.transporttask.QueueConnectionFactory</code>	Adds the JMS connection factory as a <code>jmsResources</code> system resource and targets it to the Administration Server, <code>AdminServer</code> .
	<code>wli.reporting.jmsprovider.NonXAConnectionFactory</code>	Adds the JMS connection factory as a <code>jmsResources</code> system resource and targets it to the Administration Server, <code>AdminServer</code> .
	<code>wli.reporting.jmsprovider.XAConnectionFactory</code>	Adds the JMS connection factory as a <code>jmsResources</code> system resource and targets it to the Administration Server, <code>AdminServer</code> .
JMS Queues	<code>QueueIn</code>	Adds the JMS queue to the JMS server, <code>wlsbJMSServer</code> .
	<code>wlsb.internal.transport.task.queue.email</code>	Adds the JMS queue to the JMS server, <code>wlsbJMSServer</code> .
	<code>wlsb.internal.transport.task.queue.file</code>	Adds the JMS queue to the JMS server, <code>wlsbJMSServer</code> .
	<code>wlsb.internal.transport.task.queue.ftp</code>	Adds the JMS queue to the JMS server, <code>wlsbJMSServer</code> .
	<code>wli.reporting.jmsprovider.queue</code>	Adds the JMS queue to the JMS server, <code>wlsbJMSServer</code> .
	<code>wli.reporting.jmsprovider_error.queue</code>	Adds the JMS queue to the JMS server, <code>wlsbJMSServer</code> .
	<code>wli.reporting.purge.queue</code>	Adds the JMS queue to the JMS server, <code>wlsbJMSServer</code> .
JMS Servers	<code>wlsbJMSServer</code>	Adds the JMS server as a <code>jmsResources</code> system resource and targets it to the Administration Server, <code>AdminServer</code> .

**Table 9 Resources Configured in an AquaLogic Service Bus Domain (Continued)**

Resource Type	Name	Extension Result
JMS System Resources	jmsResources	Identifies the JMS servers, connection factories, and queues to be used for JMS system resources, and targets the resources to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
Security realm	myrealm	Uses the security realm provided by the base WebLogic Server domain.
Web Services Security	__SERVICE_BUS_INBOUND_WEB_SERV ICE_SECURITY_MBEAN__	Adds the inbound Web Services security configuration, including the default_x509_handler and default_ut_handler token handlers and the ServiceBusProviderUNT and ServiceBusProviderX509 credential providers.
	__SERVICE_BUS_OUTBOUND_WEB_SERV ICE_SECURITY_MBEAN__	Adds the outbound Web Services security configuration, including the default_x509_handler and default_ut_handler token handlers and the ServiceBusProviderUNT, ServiceBusProviderX509, and alsb_saml_credential_provider credential providers.

## Avitek Medical Records Sample Domain Template

Using the Configuration Wizard or WLST, you can easily extend a base WebLogic Server domain to create an Avitek Medical Records Sample domain. You accomplish this by adding the resources and services provided in the Avitek Medical Records Sample domain extension template to a base WebLogic Server domain.

- [“Generated Domain Output” on page 25](#)
- [“Resources and Services Configured” on page 31](#)

For more information about the Avitek Medical Records sample application, see [Sample Application Examples and Tutorials for BEA WebLogic Server 9.1](#).

## Generated Domain Output

The following table defines the default directory structure and files generated after applying the Avitek Medical Records Sample Domain extension template to a base WebLogic Server domain. Unless otherwise specified, by default, the Configuration Wizard creates the domain in the *BEA\_HOME\user\_projects\domains\base\_domain* directory. If you modify the default configuration settings, the output directory structure may be different from the structure described here.

**Table 10 Base Domain After Applying the Avitek Medical Records Sample Extension Template**

Directory	File	Description
<b>user_projects\applications\base_domain\</b>		
build\	Various	Includes Avitek Medical Records split directory deployments.
console-extension\	Various	Includes sub-directories containing various files used to demonstrate extending the WebLogic Server Administration Console with a different look and feel.
dist\	Various	Includes sub-directories containing various files of the Avitek Medical Records applications in an exploded (unarchived) directory format.
doc\	Various	Directory and files containing the Avitek Medical Records online documentation.
lib\	Various	Includes sub-directories containing library files supporting the Avitek Medical Records sample.
setup\	build.xml	Ant build file used with corresponding scripts to set up a database for the Avitek Medical Records sample.

**Table 10 Base Domain After Applying the Avitek Medical Records Sample Extension Template (Continued)**

Directory	File	Description
setup\db\	medrec_mysql.ddl medrec_mysql_data.sql medrec_oracle.ddl medrec_oracle_data.sql medrec_pointbase.ddl medrec_pointbase_data.sql	SQL scripts used to set up different databases that can be used with the Avitek Medical Records sample.
src\	Various	Includes sub-directories containing Avitek Medical Records source code including various Java, XML, JSP, HTML files, etc.
<b>user_projects\domains\base_domain\</b>		
	democa.pem	Provides sample SSL protocol support for servers in the domain.
	fileRealm.properties	File containing ACLs, users, and groups that can be used for the default security realm when Compatibility security is used.
	log4jConfig.xml	Configures Avitek Medical Records Log4j implementation including the MedRecApp.log file.
	pointbase.ini	File containing initialization information for a PointBase JDBC database.
	startWebLogic.cmd startWebLogic.sh	Scripts used to start the Administration Server on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
autodeploy\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder for automatic deployments.

**Table 10 Base Domain After Applying the Avitek Medical Records Sample Extension Template (Continued)**

Directory	File	Description
bin\	setDomainEnv.cmd setDomainEnv.sh	Scripts used to set up the development environment on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	startManagedWebLogic.cmd startManagedWebLogic.sh	Scripts used to start a Managed Server on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	startPointBaseConsole.cmd startPointBaseConsole.sh	Scripts used to start the PointBase console on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	startWebLogic.cmd startWebLogic.sh	Scripts used to start the Administration Server on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	stopManagedWebLogic.cmd stopManagedWebLogic.sh	Scripts used to stop a Managed Server on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	stopWebLogic.cmd stopWebLogic.sh	Scripts used to stop the Administration Server on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
config\	config.xml	File containing the configuration information used by the Administration Server. For more information, see <a href="#">“Domain Configuration Files”</a> in <i>Understanding Domain Configuration</i> .
config\deployments\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for staging an application when the application’s staging mode is “staged.”

**Table 10 Base Domain After Applying the Avitek Medical Records Sample Extension Template (Continued)**

Directory	File	Description
config\diagnostics\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing the system modules associated with instrumentation in the WebLogic Diagnostic Framework (WLDF).
	MedRecWLDF.xml	Diagnostic descriptor information for the Avitek Medical Records diagnostics instrumentation.
config\jdbc\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing global JDBC modules that can be configured directly from JMX (as opposed to JSR-88).
	MedRecGlobalDataSource-jdbc.xml	Global non-XA JDBC Data Source module for the Avitek Medical Records domain.
	MedRecGlobalDataSourceXA-jdbc.xml	Global XA JDBC Data Source module for the Avitek Medical Records domain.
config\jms\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing global JMS modules that can be configured directly from JMX (as opposed to JSR-88).
	MedRec-jms.xml	Global JMS module for the Avitek Medical Records domain.
config\lib\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing JAR files that are added to the system classpath of the server when the server's Java virtual machine starts.
config\nodemanager\	nm_password.properties	File containing Node Manager password property values.



**Table 10 Base Domain After Applying the Avitek Medical Records Sample Extension Template (Continued)**

Directory	File	Description
config\security\ y\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing system modules for the security framework. The directory contains one security provider configuration extension for each type of security provider in the domain's current realm.
config\startup\ \	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing system modules that contain startup plans. Startup plans are used to generate shell scripts that can be used as part of server startup.
console-ext\ \	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder for custom extensions to the WebLogic Server Administration Console.
incoming\ \	StJohnHospital.xml	Location where XML files containing fictitious patient names are uploaded by the Administration application of the Avitek Medical Records sample application.
init-info\ \	domain-info.xml	File used to identify domain creation and extension information. Such information includes the identity of the components in the domain, the location of the JDK and applications directory used by the domain, and the templates used to create and extend the domain.
	security.xml	File used for creating user groups and roles that establish identity and access to domain resources.
	startscript.xml	File used to create the *.cmd and *.sh files that are placed into the domain's root and bin directories.
	tokenValue.properties	File that contains the actual values to substitute for the tokens specified in the start scripts.

**Table 10 Base Domain After Applying the Avitek Medical Records Sample Extension Template (Continued)**

Directory	File	Description
lib\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder for the domain's libraries. The JAR files in this directory are added dynamically to the end of the server classpath at server startup.
	log4j.jar	Libraries used by the Avitek Medical Records domain.
	wllog4j.jar	
medrecWseeFileStore\		File store used by the Avitek Medical Records application.
physicianFileStore\		File store used by the Physician application.
rmfilestore\		File store used by system resources.
security\	DefaultAuthenticatorInit.ldif	Files used for bootstrapping tasks, including authentication (user and group), authorization, and role mapping. These files contain LDAP-specific information.
	DefaultAuthorizerInit.ldif	
	DefaultRoleMapperInit.ldif	
	XACMLAuthorizerInit.ldif	<b>Note:</b> WebLogic domains created with this release use the XACML providers by default. These XACML security providers are compatible with policies and roles created using the WebLogic Authorization provider (DefaultAuthorizer) and WebLogic Role Mapping provider (DefaultRoleMapper). For more information, see <a href="#">“WebLogic Security Providers”</a> in <i>Understanding WebLogic Security</i> .
	XACMLRoleMapperInit.ldif	
	MedRecDBMSPlugin.jar	A CustomDBMSAuthenticatorPlugin used to validate a user/password against a DBMS for the Avitek Medical Records sample application.
	SerializedSystemIni.dat	File containing encrypted security information.

**Table 10 Base Domain After Applying the Avitek Medical Records Sample Extension Template (Continued)**

Directory	File	Description
servers\AdminS erver\security \	boot.properties	<p>File containing server startup properties, including the user name and password required to boot the server (in encrypted format). It is generated only when you select development startup mode.</p> <p>This file enables you to bypass the prompt for user name and password during a server's startup cycle. For more information, see "Provide User Credentials to Start and Stop Servers" in <a href="#">"Starting and Stopping Servers"</a> in <i>Managing Server Startup and Shutdown</i>.</p>
user_staged_co nfig\	readme.txt	<p>File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder for configuration information optionally staged by an administrator to be copied to managed servers in the domain.</p>

## Resources and Services Configured

The following table identifies the resources and services configured in a domain extended with the Avitek Medical Records Sample extension template.

**Table 11 Resources Configured in an Avitek Medical Records Domain**

Resource Type	Name	Extension Result
Administration Server	AdminServer	<p>Uses the Administration Server provided in the base WebLogic Server domain. The default name is AdminServer, unless changed during domain creation. The Administration Server referenced in the extension template is MedRecServer.</p> <p>For information about naming the Administration Server during domain creation, see <a href="#">“Resources and Services Configured” on page 14</a>.</p>
Application Deployments	InitEAR	Adds the InitEAR Web application and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
	MedRecEAR	Adds the MedRecEAR Web application and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
	PhysicianEAR	Adds the PhysicianEAR Web application and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
	StartBrowserEAR	Adds the StartBrowserEAR Web application and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
File Stores	FileStore	Adds the file store and targets the store to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
	MedRecWseeFileStore	Adds the file store to be used as the persistent store for the JMS server, MedRecWseeJMSServer, and targets the store to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
	PhysicianFileStore	Adds the file store and targets the store to the Administration Server, AdminServer.

**Table 11 Resources Configured in an Avitek Medical Records Domain (Continued)**

Resource Type	Name	Extension Result
JDBC Data Sources	MedRecGlobalDataSource	Identifies the JDBC data source as a MedRecGlobalDataSource system resource.
	MedRecGlobalDataSourceXA	Identifies the JDBC data source as a MedRecGlobalDataSourceXA system resource.
JDBC Store	MedRecJMSJDBCStore	Adds the JDBC store to be used with the JDBC data source, MedRecGlobalDataSource, and as the persistent store for the JMS server, MedRecJMSServer, and targets the store to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
JDBC System Resources	MedRecGlobalDataSource MedRecGlobalDataSourceXA	Identifies the JDBC data source and connection pool setups to be used for non-XA and XA JDBC system resources, and targets the resources to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
JMS Queues	weblogic.wsee.reliability.wseeMedRecDestinationQueue	Adds the JMS queue to the JMS server, MedRecWseeJMSServer.
JMS Servers	MedRecJMSServer	Adds the JMS server as a MedRec-jms system resource and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
	MedRecWseeJMSServer	Adds the JMS server as a MedRec-jms system resource and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
JMS System Resources	MedRec-jms	Adds the JMS servers, connection factories, and queues to be used as JMS system resources, and targets the resources to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
Mail Session	mail/MedRecMailSession	Adds the mail session.

**Table 11 Resources Configured in an Avitek Medical Records Domain (Continued)**

Resource Type	Name	Extension Result
SAF Agent	MedRecSAFAgent	Adds this store-and-forward agent, which uses the file store, <code>MedRecWseeFileStore</code> , and targets it to the Administration Server, <code>AdminServer</code> .
Security realm	myrealm	Uses the security realm provided in the base WebLogic Server domain.
WLDF System Resource	MedRecWLDF	Adds the WLDF system resource and defined WLDF instrumentation monitors for dye injection, and targets them to the Administration Server, <code>AdminServer</code> .

## WebLogic Beehive Extension Template

Using the Configuration Wizard or WLST, you can easily extend a base WebLogic Server domain to include the resources required for using WebLogic Beehive. You accomplish this by adding the resources and services provided in the WebLogic Beehive and WebLogic Conversational Web Services extension templates to a base WebLogic Server domain.

- [“Generated Domain Output” on page 34](#)
- [“Resources and Services Configured” on page 40](#)

**Note:** Using the Configuration Wizard in graphical mode, you can easily create a new WebLogic Beehive domain by checking the Apache Beehive check box in the **Select Domain Source** window. The result is the same as creating a base WebLogic Server domain first and then extending that domain with both the WebLogic Beehive and WebLogic Conversational Web Services extension templates. For more information about the templates required to create a WebLogic Beehive domain, see [“Relationships Between Templates” on page 5](#).

## Generated Domain Output

The following table defines the default directory structure and files generated after applying the WebLogic Beehive and WebLogic Conversational Web Services extension templates to a base WebLogic Server domain. Unless otherwise specified, by default, the Configuration Wizard creates the domain in the `BEA_HOME\user_projects\domains\base_domain` directory. If you

modify the default configuration settings, the output directory structure may be different from the structure described here.

**Table 12 Base Domain After Applying the WebLogic Beehive and WebLogic Conversational Web Services Extension Templates**

Directory	File	Description
<b>user_projects\applications\base_domain\</b>		
	n.a.	Directory serving as a placeholder for any custom application files that you create.
<b>user_projects\domains\base_domain\</b>		
	fileRealm.properties	File containing ACLs, users, and groups that can be used for the default security realm when Compatibility security is used.
	pointbase.ini	File containing initialization information for a PointBase JDBC database.
	startWebLogic.cmd startWebLogic.sh	Scripts used to start the Administration Server on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	URLs.dat	File containing the URL for the JDBC database.
autodeploy\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder for automatic deployments.

**Table 12 Base Domain After Applying the WebLogic Beehive and WebLogic Conversational Web Services Extension Templates (Continued)**

Directory	File	Description
bin\	setDomainEnv.cmd setDomainEnv.sh	Scripts used to set up the development environment on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	startManagedWebLogic.cmd startManagedWebLogic.sh	Scripts used to start a Managed Server on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	startPointBaseConsole.cmd startPointBaseConsole.sh	Scripts used to start the PointBase console on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	startWebLogic.cmd startWebLogic.sh	Scripts used to start the Administration Server on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	stopManagedWebLogic.cmd stopManagedWebLogic.sh	Scripts used to stop a Managed Server on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	stopWebLogic.cmd stopWebLogic.sh	Scripts used to stop the Administration Server on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
config\	config.xml	File containing the configuration information used by the Administration Server. For more information, see <a href="#">“Domain Configuration Files”</a> in <i>Understanding Domain Configuration</i> .
config\deployments\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for staging an application when the application’s staging mode is “staged.”
config\diagnostics\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing the system modules associated with instrumentation in the WebLogic Diagnostic Framework (WLDF).



**Table 12 Base Domain After Applying the WebLogic Beehive and WebLogic Conversational Web Services Extension Templates (Continued)**

Directory	File	Description
config\jdbc\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing global JDBC modules that can be configured directly from JMX (as opposed to JSR-88).
	cgDataSource-jdbc.xml	Global XA JDBC Data Source module for the domain configured for conversational Web services.
	cgDataSource-nonXA-jdbc.xml	Global non-XA JDBC Data Source module for the domain configured for conversational Web services.
config\jms\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing global JMS modules that can be configured directly from JMX (as opposed to JSR-88).
	conversational-jms.xml	Global JMS module for the domain configured for conversational Web services.
config\lib\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing JAR files that are added to the system classpath of the server when the server's Java virtual machine starts.
config\nodemanager\	nm_password.properties	File containing Node Manager password property values.
config\security\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing system modules for the security framework. The directory contains one security provider configuration extension for each type of security provider in the domain's current realm.

**Table 12 Base Domain After Applying the WebLogic Beehive and WebLogic Conversational Web Services Extension Templates (Continued)**

Directory	File	Description
config\startup\ \	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing system modules that contain startup plans. Startup plans are used to generate shell scripts that can be used as part of server startup.
console-ext\ \	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder for custom extensions to the WebLogic Server Administration Console.
init-info\ \	domain-info.xml	File used to identify domain creation and extension information. Such information includes the identity of the components in the domain, the location of the JDK and applications directory used by the domain, and the templates used to create and extend the domain.
	security.xml	File used for creating user groups and roles that establish identity and access to domain resources.
	startscript.xml	File used to create the *.cmd and *.sh files that are placed into the domain's root and bin directories.
	tokenValue.properties	File that contains the actual values to substitute for the tokens specified in the start scripts.
lib\ \	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder for the domain's libraries. The JAR files in this directory are added dynamically to the end of the server classpath at server startup.

**Table 12 Base Domain After Applying the WebLogic Beehive and WebLogic Conversational Web Services Extension Templates (Continued)**

Directory	File	Description
security\	DefaultAuthenticatorInit.ldif	Files used for bootstrapping tasks, including authentication (user and group), authorization, and role mapping. These files contain LDAP-specific information.
	DefaultRoleMapperInit.ldif	
	XACMLRoleMapperInit.ldif	
		<b>Note:</b> WebLogic domains created with this release use the XACML providers by default. These XACML security providers are compatible with policies and roles created using the WebLogic Authorization provider (DefaultAuthorizer) and WebLogic Role Mapping provider (DefaultRoleMapper). For more information, see <a href="#">“WebLogic Security Providers”</a> in <i>Understanding WebLogic Security</i> .
	SerializedSystemIni.dat	File containing encrypted security information.
servers\AdminServer\security\	boot.properties	File containing server startup properties, including the user name and password required to boot the server (in encrypted format). It is generated only when you select development startup mode.  This file enables you to bypass the prompt for user name and password during a server’s startup cycle. For more information, see “Provide User Credentials to Start and Stop Servers” in <a href="#">“Starting and Stopping Servers”</a> in <i>Managing Server Startup and Shutdown</i> .
user_staged_config\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder for configuration information optionally staged by an administrator to be copied to managed servers in the domain.

# Resources and Services Configured

The following table identifies the resources and services configured in a domain extended with the WebLogic Beehive and WebLogic Conversational Web Services extension templates.

**Table 13 Resources Configured in a WebLogic Beehive Domain**

Resource Type	Name	Extension Result
Administration Server	AdminServer	Uses the Administration Server provided in the base WebLogic Server domain. The default name is AdminServer, unless changed during domain creation. The Administration Server referenced in the extension template is cgServer.  For information about naming the Administration Server during domain creation, see <a href="#">“Resources and Services Configured” on page 14</a> .
	cgDataSource	Uses the XA JDBC data source provided by the WebLogic Conversational Web Services extension template. Identifies the XA JDBC data source as a cgDataSource system resource.
JDBC Data Source	cgDataSource-nonXA	Uses the non-XA JDBC data source provided by the WebLogic Conversational Web Services extension template. Identifies the non-XA JDBC data source as a cgDataSource-nonXA system resource.

**Table 13 Resources Configured in a WebLogic Beehive Domain (Continued)**

Resource Type	Name	Extension Result
JDBC Store	cgJMSStore	Uses the JDBC store provided by the WebLogic Conversational Web Services extension template. The JDBC store is to be used with the JDBC data source, cgDataSource-nonXA, and the JMS server, cgJMSServer, as a persistent store, and is targeted to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
JDBC System Resources	cgDataSource cgDataSource-nonXA	Uses the JDBC data source and connection pool setups provided by the WebLogic Conversational Web Services extension template. These JDBC system resources are targeted to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
JMS Connection Factory	cgQueue	Uses the JMS connection factory provided by the WebLogic Conversational Web Services extension template. Identifies the JMS connection factory as a conversational-jms system resource and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.

**Table 13 Resources Configured in a WebLogic Beehive Domain (Continued)**

Resource Type	Name	Extension Result
JMS Queues	cgJWSQueue	Uses the JMS queue provided by the WebLogic Conversational Web Services extension template. Targets the JMS queue to the JMS server, cgJMSServer.
	wlwJWSBuffer	Uses the JMS queue provided by the WebLogic Conversational Web Services extension template. Targets the JMS queue to the JMS server, cgJMSServer.
	wlwJWSerrors	Uses the JMS queue provided by the WebLogic Conversational Web Services extension template. Targets the JMS queue to the JMS server, cgJMSServer.
JMS Server	cgJMSServer	Uses the JMS server provided by the WebLogic Conversational Web Services extension template. Identifies the JMS server as a conversational-jms system resource and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
JMS System Resources	conversational-jms	Uses the JMS system resources provided by the WebLogic Conversational Web Services extension template.
Security realm	myrealm	Uses the security realm provided by the base WebLogic Server domain.

**Table 13 Resources Configured in a WebLogic Beehive Domain (Continued)**

Resource Type	Name	Extension Result
Libraries Deployed	weblogic-beehive-1.0#1.0@1.0	Adds the WebLogic Beehive Version 1.0 libraries provided by the WebLogic Beehive extension template, and targets them to the Administration Server, AdminServer. The libraries include Beehive and system controls.
	beehive-netui-1.0#1.0@1.0	Adds the Apache Beehive NetUI Version 1.0 libraries provided by the WebLogic Beehive extension template, and targets them to the Administration Server, AdminServer. These libraries support pageflow development, and depend upon the libraries contained in struts-1.1.war and weblogic-beehive-1.0.ear.
	jstl-1.1#1.1@1.0	Adds the Java standard tagging (JSTL) Version 1.1 libraries provided by the WebLogic Beehive extension template and targets them to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
	struts-1.1#1.1@1.0	Adds the Apache Struts Version 1.1 libraries provided by the WebLogic Beehive extension template and targets them to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
	struts-1.2#1.2@1.0	Adds the Apache Struts Version 1.2 libraries provided by the WebLogic Beehive extension template and targets them to the Administration Server, AdminServer.

# WebLogic Conversational Web Services Extension Template

Using the Configuration Wizard or WLST, you can easily extend a base WebLogic Server domain to include the resources required for conversational Web services. You accomplish this by adding the resources and services provided in the WebLogic Conversational Web Services extension template to a base WebLogic Server domain.

- [“Generated Domain Output” on page 44](#)
- [“Resources and Services Configured” on page 49](#)

## Generated Domain Output

The following table defines the default directory structure and files generated after applying the WebLogic Conversational Web Services extension template to a base WebLogic Server domain. Unless otherwise specified, by default, the Configuration Wizard creates the domain in the `BEA_HOME\user_projects\domains\base_domain` directory. If you modify the default configuration settings, the output directory structure may be different from the structure described here.

**Table 14 Base Domain After Applying the WebLogic Conversational Web Services Extension Template**

Directory	File	Description
<b>user_projects\applications\base_domain\</b>		
	n.a.	Directory serving as a placeholder for any custom application files that you create.
<b>user_projects\domains\base_domain\</b>		
	fileRealm.properties	File containing ACLs, users, and groups that can be used for the default security realm when Compatibility security is used.
	pointbase.ini	File containing initialization information for a PointBase JDBC database.
	startWebLogic.cmd startWebLogic.sh	Scripts used to start the Administration Server on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	URLs.dat	File containing the URL for the JDBC database.



**Table 14 Base Domain After Applying the WebLogic Conversational Web Services Extension Template**

Directory	File	Description
autodeploy\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder for automatic deployments.
bin\	setDomainEnv.cmd setDomainEnv.sh	Scripts used to set up the development environment on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	startManagedWebLogic.cmd startManagedWebLogic.sh	Scripts used to start a Managed Server on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	startPointBaseConsole.cmd startPointBaseConsole.sh	Scripts used to start the PointBase console on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	startWebLogic.cmd startWebLogic.sh	Scripts used to start the Administration Server on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	stopManagedWebLogic.cmd stopManagedWebLogic.sh	Scripts used to stop a Managed Server on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	stopWebLogic.cmd stopWebLogic.sh	Scripts used to stop the Administration Server on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
config\	config.xml	File containing the configuration information used by the Administration Server. For more information, see <a href="#">“Domain Configuration Files”</a> in <i>Understanding Domain Configuration</i> .
config\deployments\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for staging an application when the application’s staging mode is “staged.”

**Table 14 Base Domain After Applying the WebLogic Conversational Web Services Extension Template**

Directory	File	Description
config\diagnostics\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing the system modules associated with instrumentation in the WebLogic Diagnostic Framework (WLDF).
config\jdbc\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing global JDBC modules that can be configured directly from JMX (as opposed to JSR-88).
	cgDataSource-jdbc.xml	Global XA JDBC Data Source module for the domain configured for conversational Web Services.
	cgDataSource-nonXA-jdbc.xml	Global non-XA JDBC Data Source module for the domain configured for conversational Web Services.
config\jms\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing global JMS modules that can be configured directly from JMX (as opposed to JSR-88).
	conversational-jms.xml	Global JMS module for the domain configured for conversational Web Services.
config\lib\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing JAR files that are added to the system classpath of the server when the server's Java virtual machine starts.
config\nodemanager\	nm_password.properties	File containing Node Manager password property values.

**Table 14 Base Domain After Applying the WebLogic Conversational Web Services Extension Template**

Directory	File	Description
config\security\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing system modules for the security framework. The directory contains one security provider configuration extension for each type of security provider in the domain's current realm.
config\startup\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing system modules that contain startup plans. Startup plans are used to generate shell scripts that can be used as part of server startup.
console-ext\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder for custom extensions to the WebLogic Server Administration Console.
init-info\	domain-info.xml	File used to identify domain creation and extension information. Such information includes the identity of the components in the domain, the location of the JDK and applications directory used by the domain, and the templates used to create and extend the domain.
	security.xml	File used for creating user groups and roles that establish identity and access to domain resources.
	startscript.xml	File used to create the *.cmd and *.sh files that are placed into the domain's root and bin directories.
	tokenValue.properties	File that contains the actual values to substitute for the tokens specified in the start scripts.
lib\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder for the domain's libraries. The JAR files in this directory are added dynamically to the end of the server classpath at server startup.

**Table 14 Base Domain After Applying the WebLogic Conversational Web Services Extension Template**

Directory	File	Description
security\	DefaultAuthenticatorInit.ldif DefaultRoleMapperInit.ldif XACMLRoleMapperInit.ldif	Files used for bootstrapping tasks, including authentication (user and group), authorization, and role mapping. These files contain LDAP-specific information.  <b>Note:</b> WebLogic domains created with this release use the XACML providers by default. These XACML security providers are compatible with policies and roles created using the WebLogic Authorization provider (DefaultAuthorizer) and WebLogic Role Mapping provider (DefaultRoleMapper). For more information, see <a href="#">“WebLogic Security Providers”</a> in <i>Understanding WebLogic Security</i> .
	SerializedSystemIni.dat	File containing encrypted security information.
servers\AdminServer\security\	boot.properties	File containing server startup properties, including the user name and password required to boot the server (in encrypted format). It is generated only when you select development startup mode.  This file enables you to bypass the prompt for user name and password during a server’s startup cycle. For more information, see “Provide User Credentials to Start and Stop Servers” in <a href="#">“Starting and Stopping Servers”</a> in <i>Managing Server Startup and Shutdown</i> .
user_staged_config\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder for configuration information optionally staged by an administrator to be copied to managed servers in the domain.

## Resources and Services Configured

The following table identifies the resources and services configured in a domain extended with the WebLogic Conversational Web Services extension template.

**Table 15 Resources Configured in a WebLogic Conversational Web Services Domain**

Resource Type	Name	Extension Result
Administration Server	AdminServer	<p>Uses the Administration Server provided in the base WebLogic Server domain. The default name is AdminServer, unless changed during domain creation. The Administration Server referenced in the extension template is cgServer.</p> <p>For information about naming the Administration Server during domain creation, see <a href="#">“Resources and Services Configured” on page 14</a>.</p>
JDBC Data Source	cgDataSource	Identifies the XA JDBC data source as a cgDataSource system resource.
	cgDataSource-nonXA	Identifies the non-XA JDBC data source as a cgDataSource-nonXA system resource.
JDBC Store	cgJMSStore	Adds the JDBC store to be used with the JDBC data source, cgDataSource-nonXA, and the JMS server, cgJMSServer, as a persistent store, and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
JDBC System Resources	cgDataSource cgDataSource-nonXA	Identifies the JDBC data source and connection pool setups to be used for JDBC system resources and targets the resources to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
JMS Connection Factory	cgQueue	Adds the JMS connection factory as a conversational-jms system resource and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.

**Table 15 Resources Configured in a WebLogic Conversational Web Services Domain (Continued)**

Resource Type	Name	Extension Result
JMS Queues	cgJWSQueue	Adds the JMS queue to the JMS server, cgJMSServer.
	wlwJWSBuffer	Adds the JMS queue to the JMS server, cgJMSServer.
	wlwJWSerrors	Adds the JMS queue to the JMS server, cgJMSServer.
JMS Server	cgJMSServer	Adds the JMS server as a conversational-jms system resource and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
JMS System Resources	conversational-jms	Identifies the JMS servers, connection factories, and queues to be used for JMS system resources.
Security realm	myrealm	Uses the security realm provided by the base WebLogic Server domain.

## WebLogic Server Default Domain Extension Template

Using the Configuration Wizard or WLST, you can easily extend a base WebLogic Server domain to include resources required for a default WebLogic Server domain. You accomplish this by adding the resources and services provided in the WebLogic Server Default Domain extension template to a base WebLogic Server domain.

**Note:** Applying the WebLogic Server Default Domain extension template to a base WebLogic domain is a prerequisite to using the WebLogic Server Examples extension template. For information about the relationship between templates, see [“Relationships Between Templates” on page 5](#).

- [“Generated Domain Output” on page 51](#)
- [“Resources and Services Configured” on page 56](#)

For more information about the samples that are supported in the WebLogic Server Examples domain, see [Sample Application Examples and Tutorials for BEA WebLogic Server 9.1](#).

## Generated Domain Output

The following table defines the default directory structure and files generated after applying the WebLogic Server Default Domain extension template to a base WebLogic Server domain. Unless otherwise specified, by default, the Configuration Wizard creates the domain in the *BEA\_HOME\user\_projects\domains\base\_domain* directory. If you modify the default configuration settings, the output directory structure may be different from the structure described here.

**Table 16 Base Domain After Applying the WebLogic Server Default Domain Extension Template**

Directory	File	Description
<b>user_projects\applications\base_domain\</b>		
server\docs\	Various	Includes sub-directories containing style sheet and graphics files to support the online documentation.
server\examples\build\	Various	Includes WebLogic Server examples deployments.
server\examples\src\	Various	Includes source code and instructions for WebLogic Server examples.
<b>user_projects\domains\base_domain\</b>		
	fileRealm.properties	File containing ACLs, users, and groups that can be used for the default security realm when Compatibility security is used.
	pointbase.ini	File containing initialization information for a PointBase JDBC database.
	setExamplesEnv.cmd setExamplesEnv.sh	Scripts that set up the environment to use the WebLogic Server Examples on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	startWebLogic.cmd startWebLogic.sh	Scripts used to start the Administration Server on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	startWebLogicEx.cmd startWebLogicEx.sh	Scripts used to start the Administration Server for the WebLogic Server Examples domain on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.

**Table 16 Base Domain After Applying the WebLogic Server Default Domain Extension Template (Continued)**

Directory	File	Description
autodeploy\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder for automatic deployments.
bin\	setDomainEnv.cmd setDomainEnv.sh	Scripts used to set up the development environment on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	startManagedWebLogic.cmd startManagedWebLogic.sh	Scripts used to start a Managed Server on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	startPointBaseConsole.cmd startPointBaseConsole.sh	Scripts used to start the PointBase console on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	startWebLogic.cmd startWebLogic.sh	Scripts used to start the Administration Server on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	stopManagedWebLogic.cmd stopManagedWebLogic.sh	Scripts used to stop a Managed Server on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	stopWebLogic.cmd stopWebLogic.sh	Scripts used to stop the Administration Server on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
config\	config.xml	File containing the configuration information used by the Administration Server. For more information, see <a href="#">“Domain Configuration Files”</a> in <i>Understanding Domain Configuration</i> .
config\deployments\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for staging an application when the application’s staging mode is “staged.”



**Table 16 Base Domain After Applying the WebLogic Server Default Domain Extension Template (Continued)**

Directory	File	Description
config\diagnostics\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing the system modules associated with instrumentation in the WebLogic Diagnostic Framework (WLDF).
config\jdbc\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing global JDBC modules that can be configured directly from JMX (as opposed to JSR-88).
	examples-demo-jdbc.xml	Global non-XA JDBC Data Source module for the WebLogic Server default domain.
	examples-demoXA-jdbc.xml	Global XA JDBC Data Source module for the WebLogic Server default domain.
config\jms\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing global JMS modules that can be configured directly from JMX (as opposed to JSR-88).
config\lib\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing JAR files that are added to the system classpath of the server when the server's Java virtual machine starts.
config\nodemanager\	nm_password.properties	File containing Node Manager password property values.
config\security\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing system modules for the security framework. The directory contains one security provider configuration extension for each type of security provider in the domain's current realm.

**Table 16 Base Domain After Applying the WebLogic Server Default Domain Extension Template (Continued)**

Directory	File	Description
config\startup\ \	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing system modules that contain startup plans. Startup plans are used to generate shell scripts that can be used as part of server startup.
console-ext\ \	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder for custom extensions to the WebLogic Server Administration Console.
init-info\ \	domain-info.xml	File used to identify domain creation and extension information. Such information includes the identity of the components in the domain, the location of the JDK and applications directory used by the domain, and the templates used to create and extend the domain.
	security.xml	File used for creating user groups and roles that establish identity and access to domain resources.
	startscript.xml	File used to create the *.cmd and *.sh files that are placed into the domain's root and bin directories.
	tokenValue.properties	File that contains the actual values to substitute for the tokens specified in the start scripts.
lib\ \	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder for the domain's libraries. The JAR files in this directory are added dynamically to the end of the server classpath at server startup.

**Table 16 Base Domain After Applying the WebLogic Server Default Domain Extension Template (Continued)**

Directory	File	Description
security\	DefaultAuthenticatorInit.ldif	Files used for bootstrapping tasks, including authentication (user and group), authorization, and role mapping. These files contain LDAP-specific information.  <b>Note:</b> WebLogic domains created with this release use the XACML providers by default. These XACML security providers are compatible with policies and roles created using the WebLogic Authorization provider (DefaultAuthorizer) and WebLogic Role Mapping provider (DefaultRoleMapper). For more information, see <a href="#">“WebLogic Security Providers”</a> in <i>Understanding WebLogic Security</i> .
	DefaultAuthorizerInit.ldif	
	DefaultRoleMapperInit.ldif	
	XACMLAuthorizerInit.ldif	
	XACMLRoleMapperInit.ldif	
	SerializedSystemIni.dat	File containing encrypted security information.
servers\AdminServer\security\	boot.properties	File containing server startup properties, including the user name and password required to boot the server (in encrypted format). It is generated only when you select development startup mode.  This file enables you to bypass the prompt for user name and password during a server’s startup cycle. For more information, see “Provide User Credentials to Start and Stop Servers” in <a href="#">“Starting and Stopping Servers”</a> in <i>Managing Server Startup and Shutdown</i> .
user_staged_config\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder for configuration information optionally staged by an administrator to be copied to managed servers in the domain.

## Resources and Services Configured

The following table identifies the resources and services configured in a domain extended with the WebLogic Server Default Domain extension template.

**Table 17 Resources Configured in a WebLogic Server Default Domain**

Resource Type	Name	Extension Result
Administration Server	AdminServer	<p>Uses the Administration Server provided in the base WebLogic Server domain. The default name is AdminServer, unless changed during domain creation. The Administration Server referenced in the extension template is examplesServer.</p> <p>For information about naming the Administration Server during domain creation, see <a href="#">“Resources and Services Configured”</a> on page 14.</p>
Application Deployments	ejb20BeanMgedEar	Adds the application and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
	examplesWebApp	Adds the application and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
	jdbcRowSetsEar	Adds the application and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
	jspSimpleTagEar	Adds the application and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
	mainWebApp	Adds the application and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
	webappCachingEar	Adds the application and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
	webservicesJwsSimpleEar	Adds the application and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
	xmlBeanEar	Adds the application and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.

**Table 17 Resources Configured in a WebLogic Server Default Domain (Continued)**

Resource Type	Name	Extension Result
JDBC Data Sources	examples-demo	Identifies the JDBC data source as an examples-demo system resource.
	examples-demoXA	Identifies the JDBC data source as an examples-demoXA system resource.
JDBC System Resources	examples-demo examples-demoXA	Identifies the JDBC data source and connection pool setups to be used for non-XA and XA JDBC system resources and targets them to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
Security realm	myrealm	Uses the security realm provided by the base WebLogic Server domain.

## WebLogic Server Examples Extension Template

Using the Configuration Wizard or WLST, you can easily extend a base WebLogic Server domain to create a WebLogic Server Examples domain. You accomplish this by adding the resources and services provided in both the WebLogic Server Default and WebLogic Server Examples extension templates to a base WebLogic Server domain.

- [“Generated Domain Output” on page 57](#)
- [“Resources and Services Configured” on page 63](#)

For more information about the samples that are supported in the WebLogic Server Examples domain, see [Sample Application Examples and Tutorials for BEA WebLogic Server 9.1](#).

## Generated Domain Output

The WebLogic Server Examples domain contains a collection of examples that illustrate best practices for coding individual J2EE APIs, and a set of scripts to run those examples. Once the WebLogic Server Default extension template has been applied to a base domain, applying the WebLogic Server Examples extension template allows you to create the WebLogic Server Examples domain. See [“Relationships Between Templates” on page 5](#) for more details.

**Table 18 Base Domain After Applying the WebLogic Server Default and WebLogic Server Examples Extension Templates**

Directory	File	Description
<b>user_projects\applications\base_domain\</b>		
server\	wls_samples_overview.html	File that opens the WebLogic Server examples online documentation viewer.
server\docs\	Various	Directory and files supporting the WebLogic Server examples online documentation viewer.
server\examples\build\	Various	Includes sub-directories containing various Java and XML files used to build and work with WebLogic Server examples.
server\examples\src\	Various	Includes sub-directories containing various Java, XML, and HTML files used to work with WebLogic Server examples.
<b>user_projects\domains\base_domain\</b>		
	client2certs.pem clientkey.pem	Demo certificate and keystore files.
	fileRealm.properties	File containing ACLs, users, and groups that can be used for the default security realm when Compatibility security is used.
	pointbase.ini	File containing initialization information for a PointBase JDBC database.
	setExamplesEnv.cmd setExamplesEnv.sh	Scripts that set up the environment to use the WebLogic Server Examples on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	startWebLogic.cmd startWebLogic.sh	Scripts used to start the Administration Server on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	startWebLogicEx.cmd startWebLogicEx.sh	Scripts used to start the Administration Server for the WebLogic Server Examples domain on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.

**Table 18 Base Domain After Applying the WebLogic Server Default and WebLogic Server Examples Extension Templates (Continued)**

Directory	File	Description
autodeploy\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder for automatic deployments.
bin\	setDomainEnv.cmd setDomainEnv.sh	Scripts used to set up the development environment on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	startManagedWebLogic.cmd startManagedWebLogic.sh	Scripts used to start a Managed Server on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	startPointBaseConsole.cmd startPointBaseConsole.sh	Scripts used to start the PointBase console on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	startWebLogic.cmd startWebLogic.sh	Scripts used to start the Administration Server on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	stopManagedWebLogic.cmd stopManagedWebLogic.sh	Scripts used to stop a Managed Server on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
	stopWebLogic.cmd stopWebLogic.sh	Scripts used to stop the Administration Server on Windows and UNIX systems, respectively.
config\	config.xml	File containing the configuration information used by the Administration Server. For more information, see <a href="#">“Domain Configuration Files”</a> in <i>Understanding Domain Configuration</i> .
config\deployments\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for staging an application when the application’s staging mode is “staged.”

**Table 18 Base Domain After Applying the WebLogic Server Default and WebLogic Server Examples Extension Templates (Continued)**

Directory	File	Description
config\diagnostics\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing the system modules associated with instrumentation in the WebLogic Diagnostic Framework (WLDF).
config\jdbc\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing global JDBC modules that can be configured directly from JMX (as opposed to JSR-88).
	examples-demo-jdbc.xml	Global non-XA JDBC Data Source module for the WebLogic Server Examples domain.
	examples-demoXA-2-jdbc.xml	Global XA JDBC Data Source modules for the WebLogic Server Examples domain.
	examples-demoXA-jdbc.xml	
	examples-multiDataSource-demoXAPool-jdbc.xml	
	examples-oracleXA-jdbc.xml	
config\jms\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing global JMS modules that can be configured directly from JMX (as opposed to JSR-88).
	examples-jms.xml	Global JMS module for the WebLogic Server Examples domain.
config\lib\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing JAR files that are added to the system classpath of the server when the server's Java virtual machine starts.



**Table 18 Base Domain After Applying the WebLogic Server Default and WebLogic Server Examples Extension Templates (Continued)**

Directory	File	Description
config\nodemanager\	nm_password.properties	File containing Node Manager password property values.
config\security\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing system modules for the security framework. The directory contains one security provider configuration extension for each type of security provider in the domain's current realm.
config\startup\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder, and is later used for storing system modules that contain startup plans. Startup plans are used to generate shell scripts that can be used as part of server startup.
console-ext\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder for custom extensions to the WebLogic Server Administration Console.
init-info\	domain-info.xml	File used to identify domain creation and extension information. Such information includes the identity of the components in the domain, the location of the JDK and applications directory used by the domain, and the templates used to create and extend the domain.
	security.xml	File used for creating user groups and roles that establish identity and access to domain resources.
	startscript.xml	File used to create the *.cmd and *.sh files that are placed into the domain's root and bin directories.
	tokenValue.properties	File that contains the actual values to substitute for the tokens specified in the start scripts.

**Table 18 Base Domain After Applying the WebLogic Server Default and WebLogic Server Examples Extension Templates (Continued)**

Directory	File	Description
lib\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder for the domain's libraries. The JAR files in this directory are added dynamically to the end of the server classpath at server startup.
security\	DefaultAuthenticatorInit.ldift	Files used for bootstrapping tasks, including authentication (user and group), authorization, and role mapping. These files contain LDAP-specific information.  <b>Note:</b> WebLogic domains created with this release use the XACML providers by default. These XACML security providers are compatible with policies and roles created using the WebLogic Authorization provider (DefaultAuthorizer) and WebLogic Role Mapping provider (DefaultRoleMapper). For more information, see <a href="#">“WebLogic Security Providers”</a> in <i>Understanding WebLogic Security</i> .
	DefaultAuthorizerInit.ldift	
	DefaultRoleMapperInit.ldift	
	XACMLAuthorizerInit.ldift	
	XACMLRoleMapperInit.ldift	
	SerializedSystemIni.dat	File containing encrypted security information.
servers\AdminServer\security\	boot.properties	File containing server startup properties, including the user name and password required to boot the server (in encrypted format). It is generated only when you select development startup mode.  This file enables you to bypass the prompt for user name and password during a server's startup cycle. For more information, see <a href="#">“Provide User Credentials to Start and Stop Servers”</a> in <i>Starting and Stopping Servers</i> in <i>Managing Server Startup and Shutdown</i> .

**Table 18 Base Domain After Applying the WebLogic Server Default and WebLogic Server Examples Extension Templates (Continued)**

Directory	File	Description
user_staged_co nfig\	readme.txt	File providing information about the directory, which initially serves as a placeholder for configuration information optionally staged by an administrator to be copied to managed servers in the domain.
wseeFileStore\		Directory to be used for the file store for system resources.

## Resources and Services Configured

The following table identifies the resources and services configured in a domain extended with the WebLogic Server Examples extension template.

**Table 19 Resources Configured in a WebLogic Server Examples Domain**

Resource Type	Name	Extension Result
Administration Server	AdminServer	<p>Uses the Administration Server provided in the base WebLogic Server domain. The default name is <code>AdminServer</code>, unless changed during domain creation. The Administration Server referenced in the extension template is <code>examplesServer</code>.</p> <p>For information about naming the Administration Server during domain creation, see <a href="#">“Resources and Services Configured”</a> on page 14.</p>

**Table 19 Resources Configured in a WebLogic Server Examples Domain (Continued)**

Resource Type	Name	Extension Result
Application Deployments	ejb20BeanMgedEar	Uses the application provided by the WebLogic Server Default extension template applied to the base WebLogic Server domain.
	examplesWebApp	Uses the application provided by the WebLogic Server Default extension template applied to the base WebLogic Server domain.
	jdbcRowSetsEar	Uses the application provided by the WebLogic Server Default extension template applied to the base WebLogic Server domain.
	jspSimpleTagEar	Uses the application provided by the WebLogic Server Default extension template applied to the base WebLogic Server domain.
	mainWebApp	Uses the application provided by the WebLogic Server Default extension template applied to the base WebLogic Server domain.
	SamplesSearchWebApp	Adds the application and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
	webappCachingEar	Uses the application provided by the WebLogic Server Default extension template applied to the base WebLogic Server domain.
	webservicesJwsSimpleEar	Uses the application provided by the WebLogic Server Default extension template applied to the base WebLogic Server domain.
	xmlBeanEar	Uses the application provided by the WebLogic Server Default extension template applied to the base WebLogic Server domain.

**Table 19 Resources Configured in a WebLogic Server Examples Domain (Continued)**

Resource Type	Name	Extension Result
File Store	WseeFileStore	Adds the file store to be used as the persistent store for the JMS server, WseeJMSServer, and the SAF Agent, ReliableWseeSAFAgent, and targets the store to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
JDBC Data Sources	examples-demo	Uses the non-XA and XA JDBC data sources provided by the WebLogic Server Default extension template applied to the base WebLogic Server domain.
	examples-demoXA	
	examples-oracleXA	Adds the XA JDBC data source and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
	examples-demoXA-2	Adds the XA JDBC data source and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
	examples-multiDataSource-demoXAPool	Adds the XA JDBC multi data source and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer. Maps to examples-demoXA and examples-demoXA-2 data sources.
JDBC Store	exampleJDBCStore	Adds the JDBC store to be used as the persistent store for the JDBC data source, examples-demo, and the JMS server, examplesJMSServer, and targets the store to the Administration Server, AdminServer.

**Table 19 Resources Configured in a WebLogic Server Examples Domain (Continued)**

Resource Type	Name	Extension Result
JDBC System Resources	examples-demo	Uses the JDBC data source and connection pool setups provided by the WebLogic Server Default extension template applied to the base WebLogic Server domain.
	examples-demoXA	
	examples-demoXA-2 examples-oracleXA examples-multiDataSource-demoXAPool	
JMS System Resources	examples-jms	Identifies the JMS servers, connection factories, queues, and topics to be used for JMS system resources.
JMS Connection Factories	exampleTopic exampleTrader weblogic.examples.jms.QueueConnectionFactory	Adds the JMS connection factories as examples-jms system resources and targets them to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
JMS Servers	examplesJMSServer	Adds the JMS server as an examples-jms system resource and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
	WseeJMSServer	Adds the JMS server as an examples-jms system resource and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
JMS Queues	exampleQueue	Adds the JMS queue to the JMS server, examplesJMSServer.
	jms/MULTIDATASOURCE_MDB_QUEUE	Adds the JMS queue to the JMS server, examplesJMSServer.
	weblogic.wsee.wseeExamplesDestinationQueue	Adds the JMS queue to the JMS server, WseeJMSServer.

**Table 19 Resources Configured in a WebLogic Server Examples Domain (Continued)**

<b>Resource Type</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>Extension Result</b>
JMS Topics	exampleTopic	Adds the JMS topic to the JMS server, examplesJMSServer.
	quotes	Adds the JMS topic to the JMS server, examplesJMSServer.
SAF Agent	ReliableWseeSAFAgent	Adds the SAF agent and targets it to the Administration Server, AdminServer.
Security realm	myrealm	Uses the security realm provided by the base WebLogic Server domain.

